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Title: iHiFi Project/Task LANL Lower S-Band Telemetry Transmitter Design

Re-use, Heritage, Pros/Cons

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## iHiFi Project/Task **LANL Lower S-Band Telemetry Transmitter** Design Re-use, Heritage, Pros/Cons

**Paul Snow** 

March 23, 2016

- ISR Division Electrical Engineering Capabilities
  - Over 50 year of satellite electronics design
    - Near earth to deep space sensors
      - Multi-disciplinary designs
      - Expertise in advanced packaging for harsh environments
        - Radiation, thermal, vacuum & partial pressure, extreme shock and vibe
    - Large sensor hosted payloads –to- agile-space cubesats
      - End-to-end custom electronics and packaging
        - Receivers/Transmitters/Antennas
        - RF to microwave, classical to software defined
  - Custom airborne and terrestrial electronics hardware
    - Transmitters/Receivers with advanced digital modulation/encoding circuitry xQPSK to Spread Spectrum
    - Portable ground stations and all ground support equipment



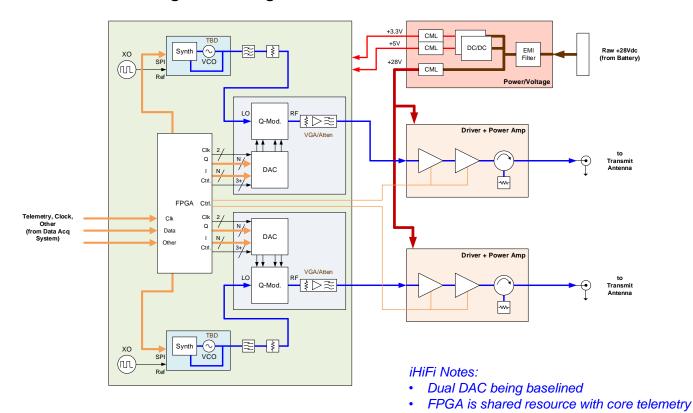


- ISR Projects Being Leveraged for Design Re-use and Heritage
  - "RoadRunner Gen3"
    - Terrestrial system containing the classical In-phase/Quadrature (I/Q) modulator/upconverter topology and transmit signal chain
      - Dual transmitter, dual frequency, lower S-band design at 10Watts transmit
    - Extensive design reuse circuit topology, PCB footprint, and modulator/upconverter part selection
      - Flexible FPGA + DAC-based modulation core easily adaptable to OQPSK/SOQPSK or other modulation schemes
      - Design fits seamlessly with a telemetry acquisition front-end
        - Minimizes overall telemetry –to- RF circuitry/signal chain size, weight, and power through shared FPGA resources and integrated packaging
      - Final transmit power achieved through OEM driver/power amp (PA)
        - Reduced design risk + flexibility in final transmit power spec
        - Separates the small-signal chain from the high heat dissipation PA electronics for thermal design
        - Baseline iHiFi telemetry transmitter will follow this same OEM PA model while custom PA models and designs are being explored



Preliminary

- RoadRunner Gen3 Modulator/Up-Converter + DC + Power
  - Functional block diagram being translated to iHiFi

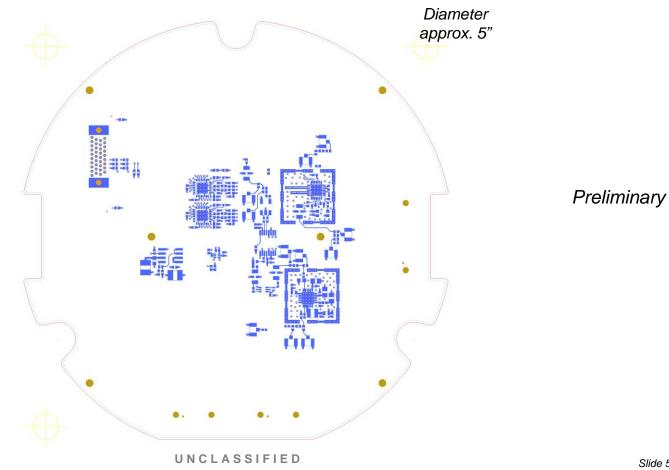


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acq system



- RoadRunner Gen3 Modulator/Up-Converter
  - Initial Placement on iHiFi RF PCB Outline





- ISR Projects Being Leveraged for Design Re-use and Heritage (cont.)
  - Cubesat/Agile-Space "Prometheus II & III"
    - Two generations of Low Earth Orbit (LEO) electronics (again) containing the classical In-phase/Quadrature (I/Q) modulator/up-converter topology and transmit signal chain
      - Dual transmit/receive, multi-frequency (L-Band & S-band) design
      - Size, weight, and power optimized battery-based cubesat (1U)
    - Current generation design was used for initial circuit board "real-estate" data point
      - Has since been revised as iHiFi conceptual design has matured
    - Remaining circuitry being leveraged for parts with LEO flight heritage and in-house qualification test records
      - Driver stages to transmit chain (specific part numbers)
      - RF Digital –to- Analog Converter (DAC) (common vendor family/process)
      - I/Q Modulator (common vendor family/process)
    - Prometheus FPGA firmware ("code") and experience will be tapped for filtering/encoding foundation
      - Should yield substantial risk reduction and accelerate implementation



#### Thoughts Going Forward – Pros/Cons/Risks

- Based upon heritage designs, the ISR Team has a high level of confidence that we can deliver prototype and flight hardware to execute the telemetry transmitter function being considered under the iHiFi Project
  - A conceptual design baseline is in place that leverages heritage electronic parts/circuitry, PCB layout, FPGA firmware, and many years of harsh environment electronics design, packaging, and integration experience
    - The size, weight and power challenges are recognized and manageable especially where the modulator/up-converter and driver amp circuitry is concerned
    - The higher-risk power amplifier design is manageable through an EOM approach that runs in parallel with a limited-scope custom in-house effort
      - Mil-Aero vendor sources for the PA have been identified and are being explored



- Thoughts Going Forward Pros/Cons/Risks (cont.)
  - A fully integrated Telemetry System that encompasses "sensor data in" –to-"modulated RF out" is the path to the optimal size, weight and power solution
    - The system remains divisible into functional sub-elements but the packaging can be fine-tuned for highest density and ruggedness
      - One functional core instrument to qualify and test
        - Battery, power conversion subsystem, telemetry acquisition, modulation/upconversion to RF
      - Leaves the final signal chain element and highest power/thermal load for optimization and risk reduction
        - Take advantage of OEM design expertise and flexibility to potentially optimize the PA efficiency or tailor the output power to meet minimum transmit power requirements

